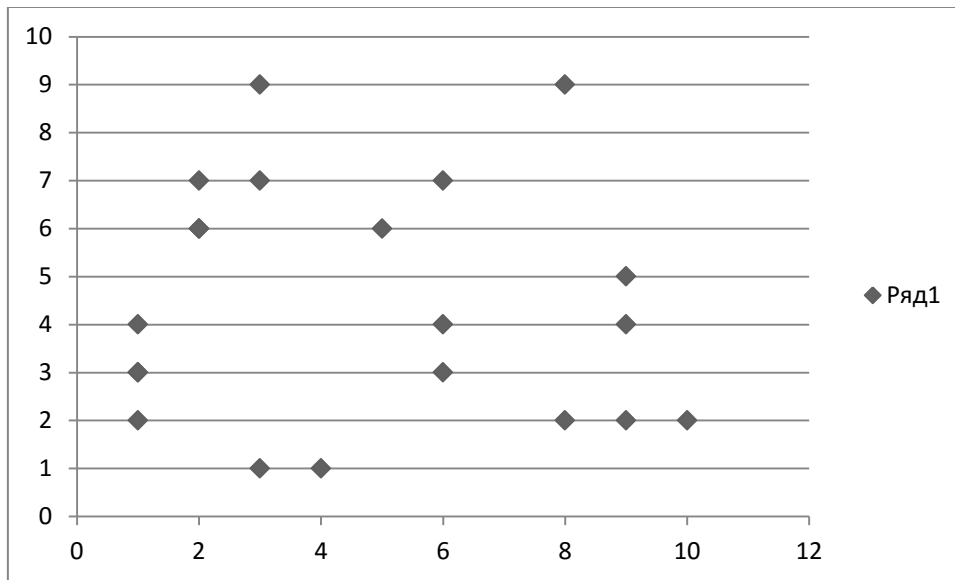


City



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#include "stdafx.h"
#include <iostream>
#include <windows.h>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
#include <time.h>
#include <math.h>

using namespace std;

// fitness
double fitness(const vector<double>& chromosoma) {
    double summ = 0;
    for (double i = 0; i < chromosoma.size() - 1; i++) {
        summ += chromosoma[i];
    }

    return summ;
}

bool func(const vector<double>& a, const vector<double>& b) {
    return fitness(a) < fitness(b);
}

int main()
{
    srand(time(NULL));
    double sizeOfPopulation, rod2Nomer, min1, min, average, min2, average1,
    massXY[40], massMap[20], summ1, x, mel;
    x = 0;
    mel = 9;
    summ1 = 0;
```

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min = 0;
min1 = 0;
min2 = 0;
average = 0;
average1 = 0;
sizeOfPopulation = 100;

vector<vector<double>> population;

// started population
for (double i = 0; i < sizeOfPopulation; i++) {
    vector<double> chromosoma;

    for (int j = 0; j < 40; j++){
        massXY[j] = rand() % 100 / 10;
    }

    for (int k = 0; k < 20; k++){
        massMap[k] = sqrt((pow(massXY[k]-massXY[k+2], 2) * pow(massXY[k + 1]
- massXY[k + 3],2)));
        cout << massMap[k]<<endl;
        chromosoma.push_back(massMap[k]);
    }

    population.push_back(chromosoma);
}

// cout started population
cout << "Started population:" << endl;
for (auto e : population) {

    for (auto l : e)

        average += fitness(e);

    if (min1 > fitness(e)){
        min1 = fitness(e);
    }

}
cout << "min = " << min1 << endl;
cout << "AVERAGE = " << average / 200 << endl;
average = 0;
for (double steps = 0; steps < 100; steps++) {
    // choose parents and create child
    vector<vector<double>> potomki;
    for (double i = 0; i < sizeOfPopulation; i++) {
        double rod1Nomer = rand() % (population.size()/2);
        vector<double> roditel_1 = population[rod1Nomer];
        double rod2Nomer = rand() % (population.size()/2);
        vector<double> roditel_2 = population[rod2Nomer];
        // create
        vector<double> potomok_1, potomok_2;

        double chislo = rand() % (roditel_1.size() - 2) + 1;

        potomok_1.insert(potomok_1.end(), roditel_1.begin(),
roditel_1.begin() + chislo);

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        potomok_1.insert(potomok_1.end(), roditel_2.begin() + chislo,
roditel_2.end());
        potomok_2.insert(potomok_2.end(), roditel_2.begin(),
roditel_2.begin() + chislo);
        potomok_2.insert(potomok_2.end(), roditel_1.begin() + chislo,
roditel_1.end());
        potomki.push_back(potomok_1);
        potomki.push_back(potomok_2);

    }

    // mutation
    double ver_mutazii = 0.001; // 0.001
    for (double i = 0; i < potomki.size(); i++) {
        double rn = rand() % 100 + 1;
        if (rn < ver_mutazii) {
            double pos = rand() % (potomki[0].size() - 4) + 2;
            double buff = potomki[i][pos - 1];
            potomki[i][pos - 1] = potomki[i][pos + 1];
            potomki[i][pos + 1] = buff;
        }
    }

    cout << "Iteration: " << steps + 1 << endl;
    for (auto e : population) {

        cout << fitness(e) << endl;

        for (auto l : e)
            cout << l << " ";
        average += fitness(e);

        if (min > fitness(e)){
            min = fitness(e);
        }
    }

    cout << "min = " << min << endl;
    cout << "AVERAGE = " << average / 400 << endl;

    if ((min == min2) && (average == average1))
    {
        cout << "Finished population:" << endl;
        cout << "min = " << min2 << endl;
        cout << "AVERAGE = " << average / 400 << endl;
        break;
    }

    average1 = average;
    min2 = min;
    average = 0;
    min = 0;

    // select new pop
    vector<vector<double>> vse;
    vse.insert(vse.end(), population.begin(), population.end());
    vse.insert(vse.end(), potomki.begin(), potomki.end());
    sort(vse.begin(), vse.end(), func);

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```
population.clear();
for (double i = 0; i < (sizeofPopulation); i++) {
    population.push_back(vse.at(i));
}

}

system("Pause");
return 0;
}
```