# (Practice)

## An Introduction to Evolutionary Computation

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#### Abstract

A series of exersises are given to better understand my lecture. Enjoy!

### 1 Simplest Examples

Exercise 1 (A test-function — Sphere Model) Create your code step by step following the bellow.

- 1. Create a population of 20 chromosomes each of which is made up of 10 genes. Assign each of these (a total of 200) genes one by one a random continuous value which ranges from -1.00 to 1.00. Then show all of those chromosomes on the display screen.
- 2. Evaluate each chromosome of its fitness value y (how good it is) by calculating

$$y = x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 + \dots + x_{10}^2$$

The smoller the fitness the better it is, because we are looking for the minimum value of y. Add the value at the end of each displayed chromosomes in 1. (Those are the 1st generation).

- 3. Evolve these 20 chromosomes by
  - (1) Sort these 20 chromosomes according to the fitness (from better to worse). Re-order your 10 chromosomes in this order on the screen.
  - (2) Pick up two chromosomes from the best 10 chromosomes at random (Truncate-selection), and create two children by one-point crossover. Then give a mutation with a probability 0.01 (create a random number from 0 to 99 and if it is 0 mutate otherwise do nothing) this is repeated 200 times from gene to gene and from chromosome to chromosome). Then repeat this 10 times to reproduce 20 children. A set of these 20 child-chromosomes is called 2nd generation.
  - (3) Repeat 3 4 until...
- 4. Plot average-fitness and maximum-fitness in the population against generation (fitness vs. generation curve).

Exercise 2 (Selection) Repeat all the procedures in the Excercise 1 with

- 1. Tornament Selection
  - with tornament size 2 and 5 for example,
- 2. Roulette Wheel Selection (Fitness Proportionate)

Then Compare the results.

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Exercise 3 (Crossover) Repeat all the procedures in the Exercise 1 under your favorite selection scheme with

- 1. One-point Crossover
- 2. Uniform Crossover

Then Compare the results.

Exercise 4 (Schwefel Function) Repeat all the procedures in the Excercise 1 under your favorite selection and uniformcrossover with

$$y = x_1 \sin|x_1| + x_2 \sin|x_2| + \dots + x_{10} \sin|x_{10}|$$

### 2 Neural Network Learning

Weights for XOR